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We have observed that a rearrangement occurs in the reaction of o-carbomethoxydiazoace-tylpyirdines with sodium methoxide; the product of this rearrangement is the isomeric diazo ketone.

Thus diazo ketone I at room temperature in methanol in the presence of 5% CH<sub>3</sub>ONa solution is converted to the isomeric diazo ketone III. In turn, the addition of sodium methoxide to a methanol solution of III leads to the formation of diazo ketone I.

2-Diazo-4-azaindan-1,3-dione (II) is present in the reaction mixtures in both cases. Equilibrium is established after 48 h, and the percentages of diazo ketones I-III in the reaction mixture are 7.5, 7.5, and 85%, respectively.

The mutual rearrangement of  $\beta$ , $\gamma$ -isomeric diazo ketones IV and VI proceeds under similar conditions; in this case the percentages of IV-VI in the equilibrium mixture are 37.5, 7.5, and 55%, respectively (according to the PMR data).

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CO}_2\text{CH}_3 \\ \text{SOCHN}_2 \\ \text{COCHN}_2 \\ \text{CH}_3\text{ONa} \\ \text{SN}_4 \\ \text{CO}_5 \\ \text{CH}_3\text{ONa} \\ \text{CO}_2\text{CH}_3 \\ \text{OV} \\ \text{V} \end{array}$$

Diazo ketone I was obtained by the method in [1], and isomeric III, IV, and VI were similarly obtained.

Diazo ketone I was obtained in 67% yield and had mp 68°C. IR spectrum: 2097, 1725, 1600 and 1555 cm<sup>-1</sup>. PMR spectrum (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 8.81 (1H, q, 6-H,  $J_{65}$  = 4.5 Hz,  $J_{64}$  = 1.5 Hz), 7.92 (1H, q, 4-H,  $J_{45}$  = 7.5 Hz,  $J_{46}$  = 1.5 Hz), 7.59 (1H, q, 5-H,  $J_{54}$  = 7.5 Hz,  $J_{56}$  = 4.5 Hz), 5.82 (1H, s, CH), and 4.08 ppm (3H, s, COOCH<sub>3</sub>).

Diazo ketone III was obtained in 78% yield and had mp 51°C. IR spectrum: 2085, 1725, 1600, and 1550 cm<sup>-1</sup>. PMR spectrum: 8.70 (lH, q, 6-H,  $J_{65}$  = 4.5 Hz,  $J_{64}$  = 1.5 Hz), 7.92 (lH, q, 4-H,  $J_{45}$  = 7.5 Hz,  $J_{46}$  = 1.5 Hz), 7.55 (lH, q, 5-H,  $J_{54}$  = 7.5 Hz,  $J_{56}$  = 4.5 Hz), 6.06 (lH, s, CH), and 4.03 ppm (3H, s, COOCH<sub>3</sub>).

Dizao ketone IV was obtained in 65% yield as an oil. IR spectrum: 2105, 1735, 1620, 1585, and 1555 cm<sup>-1</sup>. PMR spectrum: 8.80 (1H, d, 6-H,  $J_{65}$  = 4.5 Hz), 8.77 (1H, s, 2-H), 7.60 (1H, d, 5-H,  $J_{56}$  = 4.5 Hz), 5.80 (1H, s, CH), and 3.93 ppm (3H, s, COOCH<sub>3</sub>).

Diazo ketone VI was obtained in 37% yield as an oil. IR spectrum: 2110, 1730, 1625, 1590, and 1555 cm<sup>-1</sup>. PMR spectrum: 9.09 (1H, s, 2-H), 8.80 (1H, d, 6-H,  $J_{65}$  = 4.5 Hz), 7.32 (1H, d, 5-H,  $J_{56}$  = 4.5 Hz), 5.63 (1H, s, CH), and 3.93 ppm (3H, s, COOCH<sub>3</sub>).

Compound II was obtained in 7.5% yield and had mp 152°C. IR spectrum; 2130, 1730, 1700, and 1575 cm<sup>-1</sup>. PMR spectrum; 9.14 (1H, q, 5-H,  $J_{56} = 4.5$  Hz,  $J_{57} = 1.5$  Hz), 8.28 (1H, q, 7-H,  $J_{76} = 7.5$  Hz,  $J_{75} = 1.5$  Hz), and 7.77 ppm (1H, q, 6-H,  $J_{67} = 7.5$  Hz,  $J_{65} = 4.5$  Hz).

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Compound V was obtained in 7.5% yield as an oil. IR spectrum: 2125, 1730, 1690, and 1590 cm<sup>-1</sup>. PMR spectrum: 9.27 (lH, s, 2-H), 8.80 (lH, d, 6-H,  $J_{65}$  = 4.5 Hz), and 7.69 ppm (lH, d, 5-H,  $J_{56}$  = 4.5 Hz).

The results of elementary analysis of the compounds obtained for the C, H, and N content were in agreement with the calculated values.

## LITERATURE CITED

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